



User Manual

May 2021

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Study Summary

This project will involve the case-finding, assessment, and intervention for lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS) in older adults in the community. The goal is to reduce LUTS symptoms while enhancing interprofessional care with the pharmacist and other community-based team members.

More information can be found on the PILUTS Practice Tool site (https://www.epicore.ualberta.ca/home/piluts/), including resources library, guidelines and presentations.

Team and Roles

Principal Investigator: Dr. Cheryl Sadowski

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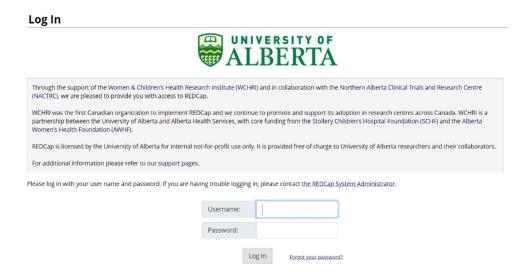
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Study registration

- You will receive an email from EPICORE to register in the study.
- Each pharmacist will have access on REDCap with a unique username and password.



PILUTS Study Process

Identifying Patients

- Active recruitment (preferred by phone)
- (or if Patient presents to the dispensary)

Case Finding

• Pharmacist asks 3 screening questions

Invitation:

• Patient name, E<u>mail</u>, phone number obtained through the interaction on the phone

Consent Form

 Pharmacist will provide the patients with e-consent forms to be signed

Randomization

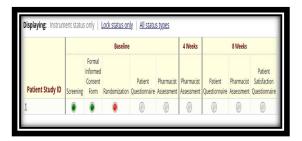
 Pharmacist uses the online EPICORE website to randomize patient

Intervention Control Initial visit Midpoint visit (3-4 weeks) Final visit (8 weeks)

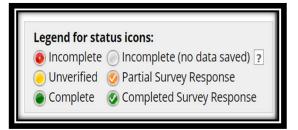
REDCap online portal



All steps of PILUTS study will be conducted using REDCap online portal.



Follow the status bar for each step.



Follow the legend for status icons on the REDCap portal to make sure each step is completed by pharmacist and patient.

PILUTS Steps

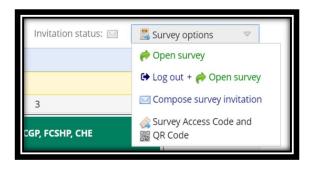
1. Enrollment & Consent

- You will explain the study to the interested patients.
- You will collect patient e-mail, and phone number
- Obtain consent by having the patient sign an electronic consent form through the REDCap online portal.
 - Alternately you can generate a copy and send a link to patients' email address to be signed and submitted.



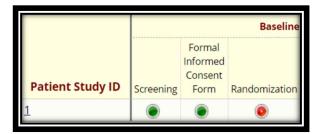
Fill in at the pharmacy or while talking with patient on the phone.

Or



Send consent form by email

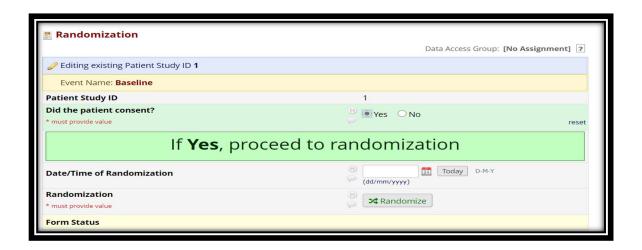
Note: personalize the email before it is sent to the participant

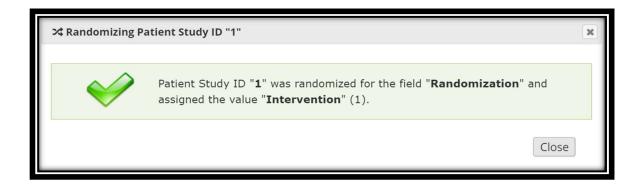


The status screen will show you a green color legend once the consent is signed.

2. Randomize

<u>Only</u> when the consent form is signed by the patient, you will do an online randomization for the patient into either CONTROL or INTERVENTION group.





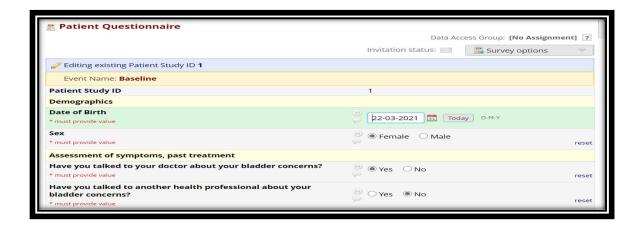


The main status screen will show you the green color legend after randomizing the patient.

3. Intervention Group

I. Pharmacists Pre-visit

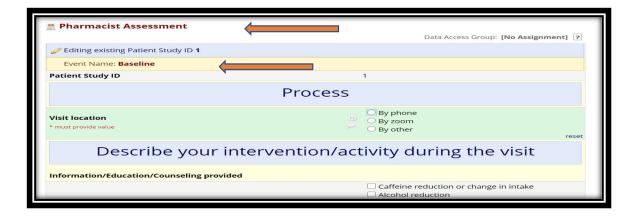
- Patients will receive an email with the link to the survey.
- Each patient will have a unique activation key to access and complete the survey
- The survey must be completed by the patient before you conduct your first visit with them.



- You will be notified by an email once the patient completes the survey.
- You can use the assessment/prompting questions to guide your preparation for the first visit You can use the algorithm or any other resources that help you identify risk factors, conduct the assessment, or think of a plan.

II. Visit 1

- You will arrange a time to call the patient, either by phone, Zoom, or another acceptable interface for the patient
- You can use this visit to gather more information, discuss the responses from the questionnaire, discuss your findings from the patient records, or any other content you feel is relevant to develop a plan.
- You will work with patient to come up with plan to make changes to improve LUTS

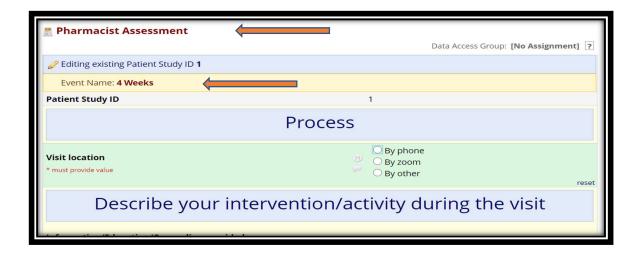


III. Visit 1 follow-up

- Implement the shared plan which may include:
 - o Providing resources or educating the patient
 - Informing the family physician that the patient is enrolled and you are developing a plan (you can use the template on the webpage)
 - Writing specialist referrals (e.g., physiotherapy for pelvic floor assessment)
 - Ordering laboratory testing
 - Adapting medication (e.g., amendment/deprescribe/start)
 - o Other interventions or activities as appropriate

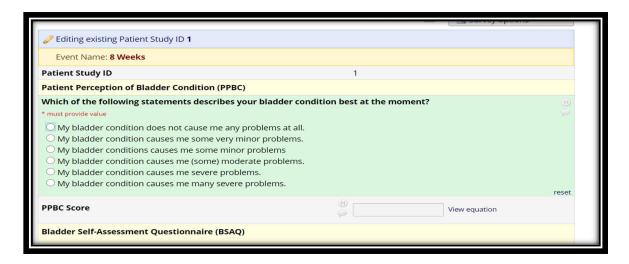
IV. Midpoint visit (3-4 Weeks)

- Visit set up with patient by Zoom, phone, or appropriate platform
- Review the shared plan from Visit 1
- Reassess the plan based on patient feedback and progress
- Provide educational reinforcement, respond to patient inquiries.
- Implement new strategies if needed



V. Final visit

 Patients will the fill the questionnaire and you will be notified by email once completed



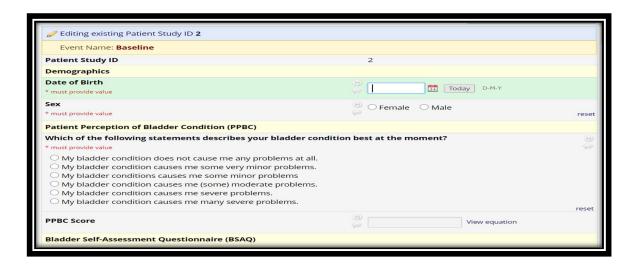
 Pharmacists will arrange a time to call the patient, (either by phone, Zoom, or other acceptable interface for the patient) to close the study with patients by thanking them for participation.



4. Control Group

I. Pharmacist pre-visit

- The patients will receive an email to enroll in the study
- The patient will complete a questionnaire then an email will be sent to you.
- You should review the questionnaire to ensure it is completed but you will **not** be conducting any assessment or intervention for a CONTROL patient.

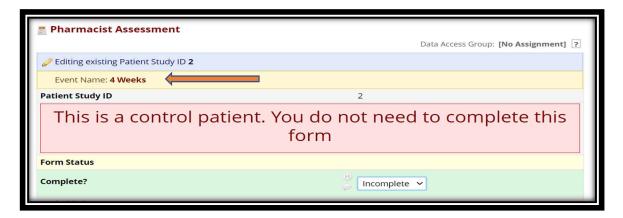


II. Visit 1

- Acknowledge the patient for completing the questionnaires.
- Email the patient the healthy aging brochure that is built into the REDCap database

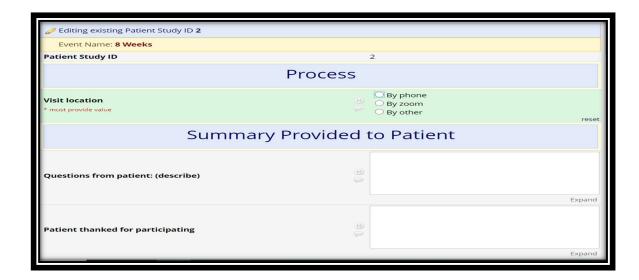


• Control group patients do NOT have a follow up visit at week 4, and the portal will not be activated for this option.



III. Final visit

- Patients will the complete the questionnaire and you will be notified by email once completed
- Arrange a time to call the patient, (preferably by phone, but you can also use Zoom, or other acceptable interface for the patient) to close the study with patients by thanking them for participation.

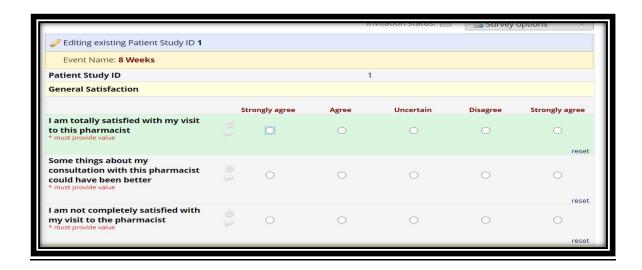


Important note:

After every visit, both for the control & intervention groups, pharmacists are asked to answer feasibility questions (check pharmacists forms below on page 15 and following, under Feasibility



At the completion of the study the patient will complete the Patient Satisfaction Questionnaire. This will be sent to the patient by EPICORE. This information will be compiled and shared with you after the study is completed.



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1. Intervention group

I. Initial visit

Initial Visit – Intervention

Patient questionnaire completed on:/ dd mm yyyy Pharmacist review completed on:/ dd mm yyyy
Pharmacist review completed on:/
dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 - Process
1. Visit location
□ By phone
□ By Zoom
☐ By Other
Stage 2 - Describe your intervention/activity during the visit
Information/Education/Counseling provided
☐ Non-pharmacologic intervention
☐ Caffeine reduction or change in intake
☐ Alcohol reduction
☐ Fluid reduction
- Traid reduction
☐ Fluid increase
☐ Fluid increase
☐ Fluid increase ☐ PFME/T
☐ Fluid increase☐ PFME/T☐ Scheduled toileting

☐ Medication changes
describe
☐ Other
Describe
☐ Labwork ordered
describe
☐ Referrals
ER
Describe
Family physician
Describe
Medical specialist or specialty clinic
Describe
Physiotherapist
Describe
Dietician
Describe
Other
Describe
Store 2 Feesibility
Stage 3 – Feasibility
3. Duration:
Time of assessment started::
Time patient interaction completed::
Total time with patient: minutes
Total time for documentation: min.
Total time reviewing records (e.g. Netcare): min.
Total time communicating with physician or other health care professionals: min.
Other time required: min.
TOTAL time for subject: minutes

4.	Challenges noted: (describe)
	☐ Patient
	Describe
	☐ Algorithm – assessment
	Describe
	☐ Algorithm – intervention
	Describe
	☐ Documentation
	Describe
	☐ Study form/questionnaire
	Describe
	□ Other
	Describe
If you h	nave any other comments, please enter them here:

1. Intervention group

II. Midpoint visit

Interim Visit – Intervention

Patient Study ID:
Form completed on:/
dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 - Process
Stage 1 - Flotess
1. Visit location
By phone
By Zoom By Other
Stage 2 – Describe your activity/intervention during this follow-up visit
Choose what additional and/or amendments intervention(s) have you done during the second visit
2. Reviewed/reaffirmed original plan with patient
Zi. Neviewea, realiminea enginal plan with patient
New activities this visit include:
3. Information/Education/Counseling provided
□ Non-pharmacologic intervention
☐ Caffeine reduction or change in intake
☐ Alcohol reduction
☐ Fluid reduction
☐ Fluid increase
□ PFME/T
□ Scheduled toileting
Weight loss
☐ Other
Describe
☐ Medication changes
describe
☐ Other
Describe

	☐ Labwork ordered
	describe
	□ Referrals
	ER
	Describe
	Family physician
	Describe
	Medical specialist or specialty clinic
	Describe
	Physiotherapist
	Describe
	Dietician
	Describe
	Other
	Describe
Stage	3 – Feasibility (Pharmacist to complete)
4.	Duration:
	Time of accessment started.
	Time of assessment started::
	Time patient interaction completed:: Total time with patient: minutes
	Total time with patient minutes
	Total time for documentation: min.
	Total time reviewing records (e.g. Netcare): min.
	Total time communicating with physician or other health care professionals: min.
	Other time required: min.
	TOTAL time for subject: minutes
	,
5.	Challenges noted: (describe)
6.	
	Patient
	Describe
	Algorithm – assessment
	Describe
	Algorithm – intervention
	Describe
	Documentation

	Describe
	Study form/questionnaire
	Describe
	Other
	Describe
If you have	e any other comments, please enter them here:

1. Intervention group

III. Last visit

Final Visit

Patient Study ID:
dd mm yyyy
Pharmacist closing call completed on:
Pharmacist closing call completed on:/
dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 - Process
Transfer 1 10003
1. Visit location
☐ By phone ☐ By Zoom
By Other
Stage 2 – Summary Provided to Patient
Questions from patient: (describe)
1. Questions from patient, (describe)
2. Patient thanked for participating
3. Other interaction with patient (describe)
Stage 3 – Feasibility (Pharmacist to complete)
4. Duration:
Time of assessment started::
Time patient interaction completed::
Total time with patient: minutes
Total time for documentation: min.
Total time reviewing records (e.g. Netcare): min.
Total time communicating with physician or other health care professionals: min.
Other time required: min.
TOTAL time for subject: minutes

5.	Challenges noted: (describe)
	Patient
	Describe
	Algorithm – assessment
	Describe
	Algorithm – intervention
	Describe
	☐ Documentation
	Describe
	Study form/questionnaire
	Describe
	Other
	Describe
If you l	nave any other comments you would like to share with the researchers, please enter them here:

2. Control group

I. Initial visit

Initial Visit – Control

Patient Study ID:
Form completed on:/
dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 - Process
1. Visit location By phone By Zoom By Other
Stage 2 – Healthy Aging Information
2. Brochures/counseling provided: Healthy Aging Other
Stage 3 – Feasibility (Pharmacist to complete)
3. Duration:
Time of assessment started:: Time patient interaction completed:: Total time with patient: minutes
Total time for documentation: min. Total time reviewing records (e.g. Netcare): min. Total time communicating with physician or other health care professionals: min. Other time required: min.
TOTAL time for subject: minutes

4.	Challenges noted: (describe)
	Patient
	Describe
	Algorithm – assessment
	Describe
	Algorithm – intervention
	Describe
	Documentation
	Describe
	Study form/questionnaire
	Describe
	Other
	Describe
f you h	ave any other comments, please enter them here:

2. Control group

II. Last visit

Final Visit

Patient Study ID:
dd mm yyyy
Pharmacist closing call completed on:/
That made to do sing can completed on:
dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 - Process
1. Visit location
☐ By phone
By Zoom By Other
Stage 2 – Summary Provided to Patient
2. Questions from patient: (describe)
3. Patient thanked for participating
4. Other interaction with patient (describe)
Stage 3 – Feasibility (Pharmacist to complete)
5. Duration:
Time of assessment started::
Time patient interaction completed::
Total time with patient: minutes
Tatal time of an de automontation, unio
Total time for documentation: min.
Total time reviewing records (e.g. Netcare): min.
Total time communicating with physician or other health care professionals: min.
Other time required: min.
TOTAL time for subject: minutes
TOTAL time for subject: minutes

6.	Challenges noted: (describe)
	Patient
	Describe
	Algorithm – assessment
	Describe
	Algorithm – intervention
	Describe
	☐ Documentation
	Describe
	Study form/questionnaire
	Describe
	Other
	Describe
If you h	have any other comments you would like to share with the researchers, please enter them here:

Participants Questionnaire

1. Intervention group

I. Female patients – Initial visit

Initial Visit – Intervention

Patient Study ID:
Form completed on:/
dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 - Demographics
7. What is your date of birth:
8. Sex: Female Male Male
Stage 2-Assessment of Symptoms, Past Treatment
9. Have you talked to your doctor about your bladder concerns? Yes
10. Have you seen a bladder, incontinence, or urology specialist for your bladder concerns?YesNo
11. Have you talked to another health professional about your bladder concerns?
Yes
∐ No
Who did you speak to?

12. Which technique have you tried to improve your bladder conce (select all the techniques that you tried)	erns, and was this effective?
Did you change the amount of fluid you drink? Please describe how you changed this.	Effective Yes No
Did you make changes to your diet? Please describe the changes you made	Effective Yes No
Did you try Scheduled toileting Describe	Effective Yes No
Did you record your bladder diary Describe	Effective Yes No
Have you done pelvic floor muscle training (sometimes refe Describe	erred to as "Kegels") Effective Yes No
Have you used a Pessary Describe	Effective Yes No
Have you used a catheter Describe	Effective Yes No
Have you used absorbable pads/briefs/diapers If you currently use pads or brief, how many do you use ea	Effective Yes No ach day?
 Were you prescribed Medications or did you make any cha Describe 	nges to your medications Effective Yes No
Other Describe	Effective Yes No

Stage 3-B	lado	ler Sca	les
-----------	------	---------	-----

Patient Perception of Bladder Condition	i (PPBC)		
Which of the following statements descin one box only.	ribes your bladder condition	n best at the moment?	Please mark X
My bladder condition does not c	ause me any problems at al	I.	
My bladder condition causes me	some very minor problems	5.	
My bladder conditions causes m	e some minor problems		
My bladder condition causes me	(some) moderate problem	S.	
My bladder condition causes me	severe problems.		
My bladder condition causes me	many severe problems.		
Bladder Self-Assessment Questionnaire	(BSAQ)		
For each question score 0-3			
0 = not at all 1 = a lit	le 2 – moderately	3 – a great deal	
1. Is it difficult to hold u	ine when you get the urg	ge to go?	
0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal			
2. How much does this b	other you?		
0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal			
3. Do you have a proble	n with going to the toilet	too often during the	day?
0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal			

4.	How much does this bother you?
	 □ 0 = not at all □ 1 = a little □ 2 - moderately □ 3 - a great deal
5.	Do you have to wake up from sleep at night to pass urine?
	 □ 0 = not at all □ 1 = a little □ 2 - moderately □ 3 - a great deal
6.	How much does this bother you?
	 □ 0 = not at all □ 1 = a little □ 2 - moderately □ 3 - a great deal
7.	Do you leak urine?
	 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
8.	How much does this bother you?
	 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal

International Consultation on Incontinence Questionnaire – Urinary Incontinence Short Form

Many people leak urine some of the time. We are trying to find out how many people leak urine, and how much this bothers them. We would be grateful if you could answer the following questions, thinking about how you have been, on average, over the PAST FOUR WEEKS:

1.	How often do yo	ou leak ur	ine?							
	Never - 0 About once a solution once a solutio	times a we day -3 a day -4		1						
2.	We would like to leak (whether yo			-		k leaks.	How n	nuch urii	ne do you u	ısually
	None -0 A small amour A moderate ar A large amour	mount -4								
3.	Overall, how mu	ıch does l	eaking ur	ine inte	erfere w	ith you	r every	day life?	•	
	0 1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	Not at all							a grea	at deal	
4.	When does uring	e leak?								
	Never – urine Leaks before y Leaks when yo Leaks when yo Leaks when yo Leaks when yo Leaks for no o Leaks all the ti	you can ge ou cough c ou are asle ou are phy ou have fin obvious rea	t to the to or sneeze ep sically act oished urir	ive/exer	_	ressed				

Stage 4-Assessment of Urinary Symptoms
Urinary symptoms
Many people experience urinary symptoms some of the time. We are trying to find out how many people experience urinary symptoms, and how much they bother them. We would be grateful if you could answer the following questions, thinking about how you have been, on average, over the PAST FOUR WEEKS
Stage 4b – Assessment - Female
2. How often do you pass urine during the day?
one to six times seven to eight times nine to ten times eleven to twelve times thirteen times or more
3. During the night, how many times do you have to get up to urinate, on average?
 □ none □ one □ two □ three □ four or more
4. Do you have a sudden need to rush to the toilet to urinate?
never coccasionally sometimes most of the time all of the time
5. Does urine leak before you can get to the toilet?

never
ccasionally
sometimes
most of the time
all of the time

6. Do you have pain in your bladder?
never coccasionally sometimes most of the time all of the time
7. How often do you leak urine?
never once or less per week two to three times per week once per day several times per day
8. Does urine leak when you are physically active, exert yourself, cough or sneeze?
never ccasionally sometimes most of the time all of the time
9. Do you ever leak for no obvious reason and without feeling that you want to go?
never ccasionally sometimes most of the time all of the time
10. How much urinary leakage occurs?
 no leakage drops/pants damp dribble pants/wet floods, soaking through to outer clothing floods, running down legs or on to floor

11. Is there a delay before you can start to urinate?
never occasionally
sometimes
most of the time
all of the time
and the time
12. Do you have to strain to start urinating?
never
occasionally
sometimes
most of the time
all of the time
13. Do you stop and start more than once while you urinate?
never
occasionally
sometimes
most of the time
all of the time
14. Do you leak urine when you are asleep?
never
occasionally
sometimes
most of the time
all of the time
15. Would you say that the strength of your urinary stream is
not reduced
reduced a little
quite reduced
reduced a great deal
no stream

16. Have you ever blocked up completely so that you could not urinate at all and had to have a catheter passed to drain the bladder
no yes, once yes, twice yes, more than twice
17. Do you have a burning feeling when you urinate?
never ccasionally sometimes most of the time all of the time
18. How often do you feel that your bladder has not emptied properly after you have urinated?
never ccasionally sometimes most of the time all of the time
19. Can you stop the flow of urine if you try while you are urinating?
yes, easily yes, with difficulty no, cannot stop it flowing

Stage 5-General health
Please check all of the following that you have experienced or have been told you have been diagnosed with:
Diabetes: Yes No Stroke Yes No Dementia Yes No Depression Yes No Spinal cord injury Yes No Constipation Yes No Depression Yes No Depression Yes No Depression Yes No Difficulty walking Yes Difficulty walking Yes No Difficulty walking Yes Difficulty
Other conditions you would like the pharmacist to know about:
Stage 6-Lifestyle
On a typical day, how many servings or glasses do you have of the following:
Water:
Caffeinated tea or coffee
Caffeinated cola or caffeinated soft drinks
Caffeine-free soft drinks
Milk
☐ Juice
Other

How many servings of alcohol do you drink each day: (a serving is 1 bottle or can of beer, 1 glass of wine (150 mL or 5 ounces), or 1 shot of spirits/hard liquor (30 mL or 1 ounce)):

Stage 7-Comments
If you have any other comments, please enter them here:

1. Intervention group

I. Male patients – Initial visit

Initial Visit – Intervention

Date you are completing this form:/dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 - Demographics
13. What is your date of birth:/
14. Sex: Female Male Male
Stage 2-Assessment of Symptoms, Past Treatment
15. Have you talked to your doctor about your bladder concerns? Yes No
16. Have you seen a bladder, incontinence, or urology specialist for your bladder concerns?YesNo
17. Have you talked to another health professional about your bladder concerns?YesNoWho did you speak to?
18. Which technique have you tried to improve your bladder concerns, and was this effective? (select all the techniques that you tried)
☐ Did you change the amount of fluid you drink? Effective ☐ Yes ☐ No Please describe how you changed this.
☐ Did you make changes to your diet? Effective ☐ Yes ☐ No Please describe the changes you made

Did you try Scheduled toileting Describe	Effective Yes No
Did you record your bladder diary Describe	Effective Yes No
Have you done pelvic floor muscle training (somet	imes referred to as "Kegels") Effective Yes No
Describe	
Have you used a catheter Describe	Effective Yes No
Have you used absorbable pads/briefs/diapers If you currently use pads or briefs, how many of	Effective Yes No do you use each day?
Were you prescribed Medications or did you make	any changes to your medications Effective Yes No
Describe	
Other Describe	Effective Yes No
Stage 3-Bladder Scales	
Patient Perception of Bladder Condition (PPBC)	
Which of the following statements describes your bladder condition one box only.	dition best at the moment? Please mark X
My bladder condition does not cause me any problems	at all.
My bladder condition causes me some very minor prob	lems.
My bladder conditions causes me some minor problem	S

My bladder co	ndition causes me (som	e) moderate problem	S.
My bladder co	ndition causes me sever	re problems.	
My bladder co	ndition causes me many	y severe problems.	
Bladder Self-Assessme	ent Questionnaire (BSA	Q)	
For each quest	ion score 0-3		
0 = not at all	1 = a little	2 – moderately	3 – a great deal
9. Is it di	fficult to hold urine w	when you get the urg	ge to go?
1 = 2 -	not at all a little moderately a great deal		
10. How r	nuch does this bothe	r you?	
1 = 2 -	not at all a little moderately a great deal		
11. Do yo	u have a problem wit	h going to the toilet	too often during the day?
1 = 2 -	not at all a little moderately a great deal		
12. How r	nuch does this bothe	r you?	
1 = 2 -	not at all a little moderately a great deal		
13. Do yo	u have to wake up fro	om sleep at night to	pass urine?
1 =	not at all a little moderately		

3 – a great deal
14. How much does this bother you?
 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
15. Do you leak urine?
 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
16. How much does this bother you?
 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
International Consultation on Incontinence Questionnaire – Urinary Incontinence Short Form
Many people leak urine some of the time. We are trying to find out how many people leak urine, and how much this bothers them. We would be grateful if you could answer the following questions, thinking about how you have been, on average, over the PAST FOUR WEEKS:
5. How often do you leak urine?
 Never - 0 About once a week or less often -1 Two or three times a week -2

	About once Several time	nes a day								
6.	6. We would like to know how much urine you think leaks. How much urine do you usually leak (whether you wear protection or not)?									
	None -0 A small am A moderat A large am	e amoun	ıt -4							
7.	Overall, how	much d	oes leak	ing uri	ne inte	fere wi	th your	everyda	y life?	
	0 1 Not at all	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 a great	10 t deal
8.	When does u	rine lea	k?							
	Never – ur Leaks befo Leaks wher Leaks wher Leaks wher Leaks wher Leaks wher Leaks for n Leaks all th	re you can n you con n you are n you are n you ha n o obviou	an get to ugh or sr e asleep e physica ve finish	the toineeze ally actived	ve/exerc	_	essed			
Stage 4	4–Assessment	of Urin	ary Syn	nptoms	S					
Urinary	symptoms									
Many people experience urinary symptoms some of the time. We are trying to find out how many people experience urinary symptoms, and how much they bother them. We would be grateful if you could answer the following questions, thinking about how you have been, on average, over the PAST FOUR WEEKS.										
Stage !	5a – Assessme	ent - Ma	le							

2. During the day, how many times do you urinate, on average?

one to six times -0
seven to eight times -1
nine to ten times -2
eleven to twelve times -3
thirteen times or more -4
thinteen times of more -4
3. During the night, how many times do you have to get up to urinate, on average?
none -0
☐ one -1
∐ two -2
three -3
four or more -4
4. Do you have a sudden need to rush to the toilet to urinate?
never -0
occasionally -1
sometimes -2
most of the time -3
all of the time -4
5. Does urine leak before you can get to the toilet?
_
never -0
occasionally -1
sometimes -2
most of the time -3
all of the time -4
6. Do you have pain in your bladder?
□ nover 0
☐ never -0
occasionally -1
sometimes -2

most of the time -3 all of the time -4
7. Does urine leak when you cough or sneeze?
never -0 ccasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
8. Do you ever leak for no obvious reason and without feeling that you want to go?
never -0 ccasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
9. Is there a delay before you can start to urinate?
never -0 ccasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
10. Do you have to strain to start urinating?
never -0 ccasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
11. Do you have to strain to continue urinating?
never -0 occasionally -1 sometimes -2

most of the time all of the time -4	-3
12. Would you say that the st	trength of your urinary stream is
Which is it?	normal -0 ccasionally reduced -1 sometimes reduced -2 reduced most of the time -3 reduced all of the time -4 13. Do you think you have always had a weak stream?
(from Peeling, 1989) yes -1	☐ no -0
14. Would you say that the st	trength of your urinary stream is (please ring one number)
<u> </u>	

15. Do you stop and start more than once while you urinate?
never -0 ccasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
16. Do you have a burning feeling when you urinate?
never -0 occasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
17. How often do you feel that your bladder has not emptied properly after you have urinated? never -0 occasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
18. Does your urine stream end with a dribble?
never -0 ccasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
19. How often have you had a slight wetting of your pants a few minutes after you had finished urinating and had dressed yourself?
never -0 occasionally -1 sometimes -2 most of the time -3 all of the time -4
20. Do you leak urine when you are asleep?
never -0

occasionally -1	
sometimes -2	
\square most of the time -3	
\square all of the time -4	
21. If you leak urine during the	day, do you have to change your clothes or wear pads?
no, urine does not le	eak -0
yes, change underp	ants -1
yes, change clothes	-2
☐ I wear pads -3	
22. Do you have to urinate agai	n (within 15 minutes) after you thought you had finished urinating?
never -0	
occasionally -1	
sometimes -2	
\square most of the time -3	
all of the time -4	
23. Have you ever blocked up copassed to drain the bladder	ompletely so that you could not urinate at all and had to have a catheter
☐ no -0	
yes, once -1	
yes, twice -2	
yes, more than once	a -3
yes, more than one	
Stage 5–General health	
Please check all of the following with:	g that you have experienced or have been told you have been diagnosed
Diabetes:	Yes No
Stroke	Yes No
Dementia	Yes No
Depression	Yes No No
Spinal cord injury	Yes No
Constipation Urinary tract infections	Yes No No
Difficulty walking	Yes No
,,	

Other conditions you would like the pharmacist to know about:

Stage 6-Lifestyle
On a typical day, how many servings or glasses do you have of the following:
☐ Water:
Caffeinated tea or coffee
Caffeinated cola or caffeinated soft drinks
Caffeine-free soft drinks
☐ Milk
☐ Juice
☐ Other
How many servings of alcohol do you drink each day? (a serving is 1 bottle or can of beer, 1 glass of wine (150 mL or 5 ounces), or 1 shot of spirits/hard liquor (30 mL or 1 ounce)):
RESPONSE: Drop down for 0.5, 1, 1.5, etc.
Stage 7 –Comments
If you have any other comments, please enter them here:
1. Intervention group
II. Patients – Final visit
Final Visit – Intervention
Patient Study ID:
Form completed on:/
dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 – Review of the plan

1. I have made the following changes:

Caffeine reduction or change in intake Alcohol reduction Fluid reduction Fluid increase Pelvic floor muscle exercises or therapy (Kegels) Scheduled toileting Other Describe Medication changes Describe
☐ Have you used absorbable pads/briefs/diapers Effective ☐ Yes ☐ No If you currently use pads or briefs, how many do you use each day?
Other Describe
Stage 2 – Questions/Concerns
I have the following concerns about my bladder symptoms:
I have the following concerns about the plan:
Other:
Stage 3 – Questionnaires
Bladder Questions
Patient Perception of Bladder Condition (PPBC)
Which of the following statements describes your bladder condition best at the moment? Please mark X in one box only.

	My bla	dder condition d	loes not cause r	me any problems at	all.			
	My bladder condition causes me some very minor problems.							
	My bladder conditions causes me some minor problems							
	My bla	dder condition c	auses me (som	e) moderate probler	ns.			
	My bla	dder condition c	auses me sever	re problems.				
	My bla	dder condition c	auses me many	severe problems.				
Bla	ıdder Se	lf-Assessment Q	uestionnaire (B	SSAQ)				
	For eac	ch question scor	e 0-3					
	0 = not	at all	1 = a little	2 – moderately	3 – a great deal			
1.	Is it di	fficult to hold ι	urine when yo	u get the urge to g	0?			
	2.	0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great How much do 0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	ately deal pes this bother all	r you?				
	3.	Do you have a	a problem wit	h going to the toile	et too often during the day?			
		0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	ately					
	4.	How much do	oes this bother	r you?				
		0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	ately					

5	. Do you have to wake up from sleep at night to pass urine?
	 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
6	. How much does this bother you?
	 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
7	. Do you leak urine?
	 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
8	. How much does this bother you?
	 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
International	Consultation on Incontinence Questionnaire – Urinary Incontinence Short Form
how much thi	leak urine some of the time. We are trying to find out how many people leak urine, and s bothers them. We would be grateful if you could answer the following questions, t how you have been, on average, over the PAST FOUR WEEKS:
1. How	often do you leak urine?
☐ Al ☐ Tv ☐ Al ☐ Se	ever - 0 bout once a week or less often -1 vo or three times a week -2 bout once a day -3 everal times a day -4 I the time -5

2.	We would like to know how much urine you think leaks. How much urine do you usually leak (whether you wear protection or not)?					
	 None -0 A small amount -2 A moderate amount -4 A large amount -6 					
3.	Overall, how much does leaking urine interfere with your everyday life?					
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Not at all a great deal					
4.	When does urine leak?					
Never – urine does not leak Leaks before you can get to the toilet Leaks when you cough or sneeze Leaks when you are asleep Leaks when you are physically active/exercising Leaks when you have finished urinating and are dressed Leaks for no obvious reason Leaks all the time Stage 4 – Comments						
Stage	4 – Comments					
If you h	nave any other comments, please enter them here:					

Participants Questionnaire

2. Control group

I. Initial visit

Initial Visit – Control

Patient Study ID:	
Patient questionnaire completed on:/	
dd mm	уууу
Pharmacist review completed on://	_
dd mm	уууу

Stage 1 - Demographics

20. Sex: Female Male Male

Stage 2 – Questionnaires
Bladder Questions
How many absorbable pads/briefs/diapers do you use each day?
Patient Perception of Bladder Condition (PPBC)
Which of the following statements describes your bladder condition best at the moment? Please mark X n one box only.
My bladder condition does not cause me any problems at all.
My bladder condition causes me some very minor problems.
My bladder conditions causes me some minor problems
My bladder condition causes me (some) moderate problems.
My bladder condition causes me severe problems.
My bladder condition causes me many severe problems.
Bladder Self-Assessment Questionnaire (B-SAQ) For each question score 0-3
0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 – moderately 3 – a great deal
1. Is it difficult to hold urine when you get the urge to go?
 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
2. How much does this bother you?
 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal
3. Do you have a problem with going to the toilet too often during the day?
 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal

4.	How much does this bother you?
	 □ 0 = not at all □ 1 = a little □ 2 - moderately □ 3 - a great deal
5.	Do you have to wake up from sleep at night to pass urine?
	☐ 0 = not at all ☐ 1 = a little ☐ 2 - moderately ☐ 3 - a great deal
6.	How much does this bother you?
	 □ 0 = not at all □ 1 = a little □ 2 - moderately □ 3 - a great deal
7.	Do you leak urine?
	 □ 0 = not at all □ 1 = a little □ 2 - moderately □ 3 - a great deal
8.	How much does this bother you?
	 0 = not at all 1 = a little 2 - moderately 3 - a great deal

International Consultation on Incontinence Questionnaire – Urinary Incontinence Short Form

Many people leak urine some of the time. We are trying to find out how many people leak urine, and how much this bothers them. We would be grateful if you could answer the following questions, thinking about how you have been, on average, over the PAST FOUR WEEKS:

1.	1. How often do you leak ι	ırine?							
	Never - 0 About once a week or Two or three times a w About once a day -3 Several times a day -4 All the time -5		-1						
2.			-		k leaks.	How n	nuch ur	ine do you usua	lly
	leak (whether you wear	protecti	on or no	t)?					
	None -0 A small amount -2 A moderate amount -4 A large amount -6	ı							
3. Overall, how much does leaking urine interfere with your everyday life?						?			
	0 1 2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	Not at all						a gre	eat deal	
4.	4. When does urine leak?								
Never – urine does not leak Leaks before you can get to the toilet Leaks when you cough or sneeze Leaks when you are asleep Leaks when you are physically active/exercising Leaks when you have finished urinating and are dressed Leaks for no obvious reason Leaks all the time									

Stage 3 – Comments
If you have any other comments, please enter them here:
Participants Questionnaire
2. Control group
II. Final visit
Final Visit – Control
Patient Study ID:
Patient questionnaire completed on:/
dd mm yyyy
Pharmacist review completed on:/
dd mm yyyy
Stage 1 – Questionnaires
Stage 1 – Questionnaires
Bladder Questions
How many absorbable pads/briefs/diapers do you use each day?
Patient Perception of Bladder Condition (PPBC)
Which of the following statements describes your bladder condition best at the moment? Please mark X in one box only.
My bladder condition does not cause me any problems at all.
My bladder condition causes me some very minor problems.
My bladder conditions causes me some minor problems
My bladder condition causes me (some) moderate problems.
My bladder condition causes me severe problems.
My bladder condition causes me many severe problems.

Bladder Self-Assessment Questionnaire (B-SAQ)

	_		0.0		
	For eac	ch question scor	e 0-3		
	0 = not	at all	1 = a little	2 – moderately	3 – a great deal
1.	Is it di	fficult to hold ι	ırine when yo	u get the urge to go	?
		0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	itely		
	2.	How much do	es this bothe	ryou?	
		0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	itely		
	3.	Do you have a	a problem wit	h going to the toilet	too often during the day?
		0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	ately		
	4.	How much do	es this bothe	ryou?	
		0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	ately		
	5.	Do you have t	to wake up fro	om sleep at night to	pass urine?
		0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	ately		
	6.	How much do	es this bothe	ryou?	
		0 = not at a 1 = a little 2 - modera 3 - a great	itely		

	7.	Do yo	น leak เ	ırine?								
		1 = 2 -	not at a a little modera a great	ately								
	8.	How r	nuch do	oes thi	s bothe	r you?						
		1 = 2 -	not at a a little modera a great	ately								
Interna	ational (Consulta	tion on	Incont	inence (Question	naire –	Urinary	Incontin	ence Sh	ort Form	
how m	uch this	bothers	them.	We wo	ould be g	-	f you co	uld ansv	ver the f		leak urine, a questions,	nd
1.	How o	ften do	you le	ak urin	ie?							
	Abo	ver - 0 out once o or thre out once veral time	ee times e a day - es a day	a wee		1						
2.						urine yo		k leaks.	How m	uch urir	ne do you us	sually
	A s	ne -0 mall am noderate arge ame	e amour	nt -4								
3.	Overa	ll, how	much d	oes lea	aking u	rine inte	rfere w	vith you	r everyo	day life?		
	0 Not at	1 all	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 a grea	10 at deal	

4.	When does urine leak?
	Never – urine does not leak Leaks before you can get to the toilet Leaks when you cough or sneeze Leaks when you are asleep Leaks when you are physically active/exercising Leaks when you have finished urinating and are dressed Leaks for no obvious reason Leaks all the time
Stage	2 – Comments
If you	have any other comments, please enter them here:

REB Forms Information letter

Information Sheet

Project Title:

A Quality Improvement Project to Address lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS) by pharmacists in the community

Principal Investigator:

Dr. Cheryl Sadowski	Faculty of Pharmacy &	(780) 492-5078
·	Pharmaceutical Sciences, University	, ,
	of Alberta	

Co-Investigator(s):

Dr. Yazid Al Hamarneh	Faculty of Medicine & Dentistry	(780) 492-9608
Dr. Kathleen Hunter	Faculty of Nursing	(780) 492-8941
Dr. Jane Schulz	Dept. of Obstetrics & Gynecology, University of Alberta	(780) 735-4942
Dr. Ross Tsuyuki	Dept. of Medicine, University of Alberta	(780) 492-8526
Dr. Adrian Wagg	Geriatric Medicine, University of Alberta	(780) 492-5338

Background:

Lower urinary tract symptoms occur more commonly in older adults. These symptoms can include incontinence, having to rush to the bathroom, or other urination problems. These symptoms can cause embarrassment, infections, and skin damage. It can also be costly to purchase pads or medications. Unfortunately, many people suffer with these symptoms but never discuss their concerns with a health professional. Fortunately, pharmacists in the community are available to older adults for health and medication concerns. Pharmacists are able to ask about issues like urinary symptoms, and can help seniors adopt some changes, or become more aware of available resources.

Purpose:

You are being asked to participate in a research study to find out if meeting with a pharmacist to discuss urinary symptoms can improve your symptoms. We therefore need to ask you some questions, and check your health records for any care you have received or will receive for your bladder.

Procedure:

- 1. If you participate you are agreeing to:
 - a. Be in one of two study groups. This will be decided by chance (rolling of dice) so that you cannot pick the group you are in. The groups will each have a different process.
 - b. Complete some questions online about your health and urinary symptoms.
 - c. Meet with the pharmacist by phone or through video conferencing (e.g. Zoom), to discuss your urinary symptoms.
 - d. Depending on the study group you are in, you will talk with the pharmacist by phone (or Zoom) in 3-4 weeks, and again at 6-8 weeks. In the other group, you will only have to meet with the pharmacist at 6-8 weeks.
 - e. Having information from your health records reviewed for urinary issues, and pharmacy records reviewed for medication issues.
 - f. Complete a satisfaction questionnaire at the end of the study.

The initial questionnaire will take 10-15 minutes to complete, and the discussion with the pharmacist could take 10-20 minutes.

The final questionnaire at the end of the study will take less than 10 minutes to complete.

After the study is over you can request all the information that the other study group received.

Possible Benefits:

You may have improvement in your urinary symptoms.

Possible Risks:

The study takes some time for the consultation with the pharmacist. There may be some changes suggested to improve your symptoms, and these may require some changes in your health regimen. When talking about urinary symptoms some people may be embarrassed or uncomfortable. If you want to take a break or stop talking about those issues the pharmacist will not continue with the discussion or questionnaire.

Confidentiality:

The data collected for this study will be kept strictly confidential. It will not be released unless we are asked to do so by law. Your name will not be recorded. No information that could identify you will be put in any report published from the study. The University of Alberta requires us to keep data from the study for five years. If you withdraw from the study, you can ask that your data be removed from the study. The Health Research Ethics Board has authorized us to use the data for this study only. Any future use of the data requires additional ethics approval. By signing this consent form you are saying it is okay for the study team to collect, use and disclose information about you from your personal health records as described above. The investigator or their study staff may need to look at your personal health records or at those kept by other health care providers that you may have seen in the past (e.g. your pharmacist). Any personal health information that we get from these records will be only what is needed for the study. During research studies it is important that the data we get is accurate. For this reason your health data, including your name, may be looked at by people from the University of Alberta if the study is Investigator Initiated. By signing this consent form you are saying it is okay for the study team to collect, use and disclose information about you from your personal health records as described above. After the study is done, we will still need to securely store your health data that was collected as part of the study. At the University of Alberta, we keep data stored for a minimum of 5 years after the end of the study. The data will become part of a data repository kept at the University of Alberta.

Voluntary Participation:

You do not have to take part in the study at all, and you can quit at any time. You do not have to answer any questions that you do not want to. If you decide not to participate in the study or if it is stopped at any time, the quality of your care will not be affected. If we find anything out, which may affect your decision to continue in the study we will inform you as soon as possible.

Reimbursement of Expenses:

You will not be paid for participating in this study.

Permission to contact for future studies:

We are also asking for consent for the investigators to contact you in the future to tell you about other research studies for which you are eligible. You may decide if you want to participate in a specific study when you are contacted. By consenting to this you are only agreeing to have the investigators contact you to tell you about the study.

Questions or concerns:

If you have any questions/concerns regarding this study please contact Dr. Cheryl Sadowski, Faculty of Pharmacy & Pharmaceutical Sciences: (780) 492-5078

If you have any concerns about your rights as a study participant, you are encouraged to contact the University of Alberta Research Ethics Office at (780) 492-2615. This office is not connected with the researchers setting up this study.

THIS INFORMATION SHEET MUST BE GIVEN TO THE RESEARCH PARTICIPANT

CONSENT

Title of Study: A Quality Improvement Project to Address lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS) by pharmacists in the community

Principal Investigator(s): Cheryl Sadowski

Professor, Faculty of Pharmacy & Pharmaceutical Sciences

University of Alberta

Phone Number: (780) 492-5078

Co-Investigators:

Yazid Al Hamarneh, Faculty of Medicine & Dentistry, University of Alberta

Ross Tsuyuki, Faculty of Medicine & Dentistry, University of Alberta

Adrian Wagg, Faculty of Medicine & Dentistry, University of Alberta

Kathleen Hunter, Faculty of Nursing, University of Alberta Jane Schulz, Faculty of Medicine & Dentistry, University of Alberta

Consent of Participant		
	Yes	No
Do you understand that you have been asked to be in a research study?		
Have you received and read a copy of the attached information sheet?		
Do you understand the benefits and risks involved in taking part in this research study?		
Have you had an opportunity to ask questions and discuss the study?		
Do you understand that you are free to refuse to participate in the study and that you may withdraw from the study at any time? You do not have to give a reason and it will not affect your care.		
Have you received an explanation of confidentiality of information?		
Do you understand who will have access to your records, including personally identifiable health information?		
Do you want the investigator(s) to inform your family doctor that you are participating in this research study? If so, give his/her name here:		
Do you agree to be contacted by the study investigators in the future?		

Signatures			
This study was explained to me by the	following perso	on:	
Researcher's Name			
I agree to take part in this study.			
Name of Patient			
Signature	Date		

MD Information letter

A Project to Address lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS) by pharmacists in the community

To:	Fax Number:	
From:	Date:	
Dear Colleague,		
Re: Patient enrollment in the cor	nmunity-based Management of LUTS by Pharmacists project.	
Mr/Ms/Mrssymptoms:	was identified as having LUTS including the following	g

As you know, LUTS affect approximately 50% of older adults and can result in isolation, skin breakdown, and UTI's, among other complications. In addition to the financial cost, seniors also experience stigma, and may suffer in silence for many years.

This study was designed to engage community pharmacists to consult with older adults who have purchased absorbable products or who would like to talk about LUTS at the time of prescription pick-up. The intervention is based upon the LUTS Guide and Algorithm for Pharmacists, and will include the following:

- 1. Review the patient's medication profile, history, and medical conditions (e.g. through patient interview, Netcare documentation)
- 2. Review the patient's lifestyle habits that can impact bladder health (e.g. fluid intake, caffeine consumption)
- 3. Review the patient's bladder habits (e.g. frequency of toileting)
- 4. Provide education regarding lifestyle and behaviours that can impact bladder function
- 5. Provide education regarding medications that can impact bladder function
- 6. Discuss a plan with the patient for addressing any modifiable factors
- 7. Complete patient questionnaire regarding bladder symptoms, bother, and control
- 8. At 4 weeks have an interim meeting with the pharmacist to determine if the plan is working
- 9. At 8 weeks complete the plan and repeat the questionnaires

You will be provided with a written notification (sent by fax) of all assessments (including laboratory) for the patient and all changes in his/her management in this study.

Please see the attached study summary for more information.

It is important to emphasize that this pharmacist-assisted study is meant to provide additional care and improve accessibility -it is not intended to replace the rest of the health care team. The pharmacist will continue to work collaboratively with you and the patient to achieve goals over this 8 week period. You will be kept in the loop.

Please note that pharmacists, as a separate regulated health profession, are legally responsible for their own actions. They will take responsibility for any recommendations, tests, or prescriptions they provide. Pharmacists will refer the patient to you as required.

You are receiving this letter because the patient has identified you as being the most responsible primary care physician. We know, however, that sometimes that is not the case. Should you not consider yourself the most responsible physician for this patient's care, please let us know as soon as you can.

Thank you for your cooperation in this study. By working with you and the patient, we believe we can help optimize health outcomes for patients with LUTS.

If you have any questions regarding this specific patient, please contact the pharmacist
(Pharmacist name), at
If you have any queries or concerns about the study, please do not hesitate to contact any of the study investigators listed below.
Dr. Cheryl A. Sadowski, Professor, Faculty of Pharmacy & Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Alberta, (780) 492-5078
Dr. Yazid Al Hamarneh, EPICORE Centre/COMPRIS, Department of Medicine, University of Alberta, 780-492-9608

Adrian Wagg, Professor of Medicine (Geriatrics), and Director, Division of Geriatric Medicine, University of Alberta, 780-492-5338

Dr. Ross Tsuyuki, Professor of Medicine (Cardiology) and Director, EPICORE Centre/COMPRIS,

Kathleen Hunter, Professor, Faculty of Nursing, University of Alberta, (780) 492-8941

Department of Medicine, University of Alberta, 780-492-8526

Jane Schulz, Professor of Medicine (Obstetrics and Gynaecology), (780) 780 735 4942

A Project to Address lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS) by pharmacists in the community

Background/Rationale: Lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS) is one of the most common geriatric syndromes, leading to stigma, isolation, urinary tract infections, and skin breakdown. Despite the numerous guidelines, medications, and other evidence-based interventions, LUTS remains under recognized and undertreated.

Community pharmacists are well positioned to identify patients with LUTS, as most older adults obtain medications regularly, and may purchase absorbable products at the pharmacy. The efficacy of pharmacists' intervention in chronic disease has been well demonstrated in the literature.

Primary objective: To determine the effect of a community based identification and intervention program in patients with LUTS on bladder symptoms and bother.

Study design: Randomized controlled trial with the patient as the unit of randomization

Sample size: 100 older adults

Intervention: The pharmacist will complete a review of participants which will include a medication, medical, and bladder history, review of labwork (Netcare), and bladder and lifestyle habits. The plan will be developed with the patient.

Follow-up: Patients will be followed up by the pharmacist at 4 weeks and again at 8 weeks to provide ongoing care and monitor their progress.

Control: Patients receive usual care with no specific intervention for 8 weeks. At the end of the 8 weeks the patients will be crossed over to receive the intervention described above.

Primary outcome: The primary outcome is difference of the Patient Perception of Bladder Condition (PPBC) score from baseline to 8 weeks. The PPBC is a single-item question that the patient answers on a scale of 1-6.

What this study adds:

- This is the first community based study involving pharmacists for management of LUTS.
- It utilizes an already available: community pharmacists, their expanded scope of practice and remuneration system already in place.
- We will use an innovative method in the community to capture patients with LUTS.
- We will pay unique attention to case finding, essential in chronic disease management without good case finding, interventions are worthless.